

CHAPTER 92: ANIMALS

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GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 92.01 ADOPTION BY REFERENCE.

The city hereby incorporates by reference all rules and regulations of the Person County Animal Adoption Program. Copies of the program are kept on file in the office of the City Clerk and are available for inspection and copying during normal business hours.

§ 92.02 DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

ACTS DEEMED PUBLIC NUISANCE. It shall be unlawful for any animal owner to keep or have within Person County any animal that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks or provokes pedestrians, bicyclists or vehicles, turns over garbage pails, damages gardens, flowers or vegetables, conducts itself so as to be a public nuisance or permits a female animal to run at large during the erotic stage of copulation. If an animal is caught doing any of the above, and an official complaint is filed and the owner, if known, is notified, the owner is required to keep the animal contained; each day the animal is not contained, the owner is found not to be in compliance with this chapter; each day thereafter constitutes a separate violation of this chapter.

ANIMAL CONTROL OFFICER. A county employee designated as Dog Warden, Animal Control Officer, Animal Control Official or other designations that may be used, whose responsibility includes animal control.

ANIMAL SHELTER. Any premises designated by the county for the purpose of impounding and caring for animals found running at large or otherwise subject to impounding in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

AT LARGE. Any animal shall be deemed to be AT LARGE when he or she is off the property of his or her owner and not under the control of a competent person.

DANGEROUS DOG. A dog that:

- (1) Without provocation has killed or inflicted severe injury on a person;
- (2) Is declared vicious by the Chief Animal Control Officer pursuant to G.S. § 130A-200; or
- (3) Is determined by the Chief Animal Control Officer to be potentially dangerous and, after this determination, engages in one or more of the behaviors listed in the definition for "potentially dangerous dog" in this section.

EXPOSED TO RABIES. An animal has been exposed to rabies within the meaning of this chapter if it has been bitten by or been exposed to any animal known or suspected to have been infected with rabies.

KENNEL, DEALER, BREEDER or PET SHOP. Any person, group of persons, partnership or corporation engaged in buying, selling, breeding or boarding pet animals.

NEUTERED MALE. Any male which has been operated upon to prevent reproduction.

OWNER. Any person, group of persons, firm, partnership or corporation owning, keeping, having charge of, sheltering, feeding, harboring or taking care of any animal. The OWNER is responsible for the care, actions and behavior of his or her animals.

POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS DOG. A dog that:

- (1) Inflicted a bite on a person either upon public or private real property;
- (2) Killed or inflicted severe injury upon a domestic animal when not on the owner's real property; or
- (3) Approached a person when not on the owner's property in a vicious or terrorizing manner in an apparent attitude of attack.

RESTRAINT. An animal is under RESTRAINT within the meaning of this chapter if he or she is controlled by means of a chain, leash or other like device, is secured within a vehicle being driven or parked, or is within a secure enclosure.

SPAYED FEMALE. Any female which has been operated upon to prevent conception.

STRAY DOG OR CAT. Any dog or cat within the county wandering at large or lost and does not have an owner, any dog or cat within the county whose owner fails to list the animal for license purposes or fails to have the dog or cat vaccinated against rabies by a veterinarian, or any dog not wearing a collar and current rabies tag.

VACCINATION. The administration of rabies vaccine by a licensed veterinarian or by a certified rabies vaccinator.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93)

Statutory reference:

Similar definitions, see G.S. § 130A-184

§ 92.03 EXEMPTIONS.

Hospitals, clinics and other premises operated by licensed veterinarians for the care and treatment of animals are exempt from the provisions of this chapter, except for the sections on cruel treatment and manner of keeping animals generally.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93)

REGULATIONS

§ 92.15 DOG MUST WEAR COLLAR AND RABIES TAG.

(A) It shall be unlawful for any dog or cat owner to fail to comply with the state laws relating to the control of rabies, and it shall be unlawful for any dog owner to fail to provide any dog he or she owns with a suitable collar or harness for the wearing of the rabies tag to be issued upon compliance with the state law, and to take such action as is necessary to see that the tag is worn by the dog at all times, except as otherwise provided in § 92.40(G). Collar or harness with attached tag must be worn at all times, except during the time animals are performing at shows, obedience trials, tracking tests, field trials, training schools or other events sanctioned and supervised by a recognized organization. It is not required that cats must wear collars or rabies tags; however, all cats must be vaccinated for rabies and listed for license purposes. Proof of the above must be presented upon request of the Animal Control Officer. It is the purpose of this chapter to supplement the state law by providing a procedure for the enforcement of state laws relating to rabies control.

(B) Unless proof of vaccination is available, it shall be the duty of the county administrative staff to give every person who owns, redeems or adopts a dog or cat a proof of rabies vaccination card, and a record will be maintained of the vaccination.

(C) In addition to all other penalties prescribed by law, a dog or cat is subject to impoundment in accordance with the provisions of this chapter if the owner of the dog or cat cannot furnish evidence of license fee listings, if the dog is not wearing a currently valid rabies tag, or proof cannot be given that a cat has been vaccinated for rabies. It shall be unlawful for any person to use for any dog or cat a vaccination tag issued for a dog or cat other than the one using the tag.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93) Penalty, see § 92.99

Statutory reference:

Similar provisions, see G.S. § 130A-190

§ 92.16 POSSESSION OF ANIMALS.

It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to harbor, feed or keep in his or her possession, by confinement or otherwise, any animal that does not belong to him or her unless he or she has:

(A) The consent of the owner or keeper of the animal; or

(B) Within 72 hours of the time the animal has come within his or her possession, notified the animal shelter. Upon receiving the notice, an Animal Control Officer shall obtain the animal and place it in the animal shelter if requested by the person in possession.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.17 RABIES VACCINATION AND CONTROL.

It shall be unlawful for an owner to fail to provide current inoculation against rabies (hydro-phobia) for his or her dog or cat. Should it be deemed necessary by the County Health Director or Board of County Commissioners that other pets be vaccinated in order to prevent a threatened epidemic or to control an existing epidemic, it shall be unlawful for the owner to fail to provide current inoculation against rabies for that pet.

(A) Bite cases; duty of owner.

(1) Every animal which has bitten anyone or which shows symptoms of rabies shall be confined immediately and shall be promptly reported to the Animal Control Division by its owners or person having the animal in charge, and thereupon shall be securely quarantined at the direction of the Animal Control Division for a period of ten days and shall not be released from the quarantine except by written permission from the Animal Control Division.

(2) The biting animal, and its records of vaccination and registration, shall be inspected by the Animal Control Officer, who will then observe the following policy:

(a) A properly vaccinated and registered dog or cat may be confined on the owner's premises, provided however, that an Animal Control Officer determines that the owner has an adequate means of confinement upon his or her own premises and the animal is subject to observation by the officer at any time during the ten-day period.

(b) A dog or cat not properly vaccinated or registered, belonging to the owner, shall immediately be confined in a veterinary hospital or the County Animal Shelter, in which case the expense shall be borne by the owner for the ten-days confinement. The dog or cat shall not be vaccinated during confinement.

(c) A biting stray dog or cat shall immediately be confined in the County Animal Shelter for a ten-day period.

(B) Surrender for quarantine required on demand. Except as provided in division (A)(2)(b), it shall be unlawful for the owner to refuse an investigation by the Animal Control Division upon demand any animal which has bitten a human or has been in an encounter with a suspected rabid animal, for the purpose of supervised quarantine, the expense of which shall be borne by the owner. If rabies does not develop within ten days, the animal may be reclaimed upon payment of \$10 per day for feeding and care, and upon compliance with other provisions of this chapter.

(C) Rabies diagnosed. If an animal dies while under observation for rabies, then the head of the animal must be submitted to the Person County Health Department for shipment to the Lab Section, North Carolina Department of Environmental Health and Natural Resources, for diagnosis.

(D) Emergency quarantine and procedure. When reports indicate a positive diagnosis of rabies, the County Director of Public Health may order an area-wide quarantine for a period as he or she deems necessary. Upon invoking of such emergency quarantine by the Health Director,

no pet animal shall be taken into the streets or permitted to be in the streets during such period. During the quarantine, no animal may be taken or shipped from the county without written permission of the Animal Control Division, and each member of the Animal Control Division, Police and Sheriff's Department, is fully authorized during the emergency to impound or destroy (if it cannot be apprehended) any animal found running at large in the county. During the quarantine period, the Animal Control Division or the local health authorities shall be empowered to provide for a program of mass immunization by the establishment of temporary emergency rabies vaccination clinics strategically located throughout the county. No animal which has been impounded by reason of its being a stray unclaimed by its owner is allowed to be adopted from the animal shelter during the period of emergency rabies quarantine, except by special authorization of the public health officials and the department head of the Animal Control Division.

(E) Rabies inoculation required.

(1) It shall be unlawful for an owner to fail to provide current inoculation against rabies (hydrophobia) for any dog or cat four months of age or older. Should it be deemed necessary by the County Health Director, the Board of County Commissioners or the State Public Health Veterinarian that other pets be inoculated in order to prevent a threatened epidemic or to control an existing epidemic, it shall be unlawful for an owner to fail to provide current inoculation against rabies for that pet. This chapter strongly recommends inoculation for other animals if a vaccine is available for that species.

(2) A rabies inoculation shall be deemed current for a dog and cat if two inoculations have been given one year apart and booster doses of rabies vaccine administered every three years thereafter.

(F) Destruction of bitten animal. A dog or cat bitten by a proven rabid animal or animal suspected of having rabies that is not available for laboratory diagnosis shall be destroyed immediately by its owner, the County Animal Control Officer or a peace officer, unless the dog or cat has been vaccinated against rabies in accordance with this chapter or the rules or regulations of the County Health Department more than three weeks prior to being bitten, and is given a booster dose of rabies vaccine within three days of the bite. It shall be unlawful for any owner or person who has been taking care of any unvaccinated animal, which is reasonably determined to have been exposed to rabies because of an encounter with a suspected rabid animal, to fail to surrender the unvaccinated animal to the Animal Control Division on demand for compliance with any protocol established by the County Health Director for handling of rabies exposure incidents.

(G) Extension of quarantine period. In the event there are additional positive cases of rabies occurring during the period of quarantine, the period of quarantine may be extended at the discretion of the County Director of Public Health.

(H) Releasing, killing or removing any animal suspected of rabies prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any person to kill or release any animal under observation for rabies, any animal suspected of having been exposed to rabies, or any animal biting a human, or to remove the animal from the county without written permission from the Animal Control Division and the County Director of Public Health.

(I) Carcass of animal. The carcass of any dead animal suspected of dying with rabies shall be surrendered to the Animal Control Division. The head of the animal shall be

submitted to the County Health Department for shipment to the Lab Section, North Carolina Department of Environmental Health and Natural Resources, for diagnosis.

(J) Failure or refusal to surrender animal unlawful. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail or refuse to surrender any animal for quarantine or destruction as required herein when demand is made therefor by the Animal Control Division.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93; Am. Ord. passed 3-18-96) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.18 DANGEROUS OR POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS ANIMALS.

(A) The provisions of this section do not apply to a dog being used by a law enforcement officer to carry out the law enforcement officer's official duties. A dog shall not be considered a dangerous dog or potentially dangerous dog under this section if the injury inflicted by the dog was sustained by a person who, at the time of the injury, was committing a willful trespass or other tort, was tormenting, abusing or assaulting the dog, had been observed or reported to have tormented, abused or assaulted the dog, or was committing or attempting to commit a crime.

(B) The Chief Animal Control Officer must notify the owner in writing, giving the reasons for his or her determination, before the dog may be considered potentially dangerous under this section. The owner may appeal the determination of the Animal Control Officer by giving written notice of the appeal within five days of this determination to the Chief Animal Control Officer. The dog will be considered potentially dangerous pending the appeal.

(C) It is unlawful for an owner to:

(1) Leave a dangerous dog or a potentially dangerous dog unattended on the owner's real property, unless the dog is confined indoors, in a securely enclosed and locked pen, or in another structure designed to restrain the dog;

(2) Permit a dangerous dog or a potentially dangerous dog to go beyond the owner's real property, unless the dog is leashed and muzzled or is otherwise securely restrained and muzzled.

(D) If the owner of a dangerous dog or a potentially dangerous dog transfers ownership or possession of the dog to another person, the owner shall provide written notice to:

(1) The Chief Animal Control Officer, stating the name and address of the owner of the dog; and

(2) The person taking possession of the dog, specifying the dog's dangerous behavior and the Chief Animal Control Officer's determination.

(E) A dog that has been determined to be dangerous or potentially dangerous may be humanely destroyed in the following instances:

(1) If the Chief Animal Control Officer determines that a dog that was previously determined to be dangerous either bit a person so as to cause a break in the skin or was at large on two or more separate occasions after such determination, the Chief Animal Control Officer may seek a court order for the dog to be humanely destroyed.

(2) If the Chief Animal Control Officer in determining that a dog is dangerous or potentially dangerous also determines that the dog, without provocation, has killed

or inflicted severe injury on a person, the Chief Animal Control Officer may seek a court order that the dog be humanely destroyed.

(F) A dog that has been determined to be dangerous or potentially dangerous may not be disposed of by adoption from the animal shelter.

(G) The keeper or other custodian of any dog that has been determined to be dangerous or potentially dangerous shall report immediately to the Animal Control Officer if the dog gets loose or is otherwise unconfined, or if it attacks a person or another animal.

(H) An Animal Control Officer shall inspect the premises where a dog determined to be dangerous or potentially dangerous is kept if so requested.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93; Am. Ord. passed 3-18-96) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.19 NOISY DOGS.

It shall be unlawful for the keeper or other custodian of any dog to allow it to bark, whine, howl or make any other noise for a protracted period, so as to result in a serious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.20 INJURING ANIMALS; NOTICE REQUIRED.

It shall be unlawful for any person injuring an animal by running over or into same, or coming into contact with same, with automobile, motorcycle, bicycle or other vehicle, to fail to notify immediately the owner of the animal, the animal shelter or the Police Department if in the city, or the Sheriff's Department if in the county.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.21 CRUEL TREATMENT.

It shall be unlawful for any person to tease, bait, molest, torture, deprive of necessary sustenance, cruelly beat, needlessly mutilate or kill, wound, injure, poison, abandon or subject to conditions detrimental to its health or general welfare any animal, or to cause or procure such action. The words "torture," "torment" or "cruelty" shall be held to include every act, omission or neglect whereby unjustifiable physical pain, suffering or death is caused or permitted, but such terms shall not be construed to prohibit lawful shooting of birds, deer and other game for human food, nor to prohibit the Animal Control Division or their agents or veterinarians from destroying dangerous, unwanted or injured animals in a humane manner.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.22 MANNER OF KEEPING AND TREATING ANIMALS GENERALLY.

It shall be unlawful for any person to keep animals under unsanitary or inhumane conditions, or to fail to provide proper food and water daily, shelter from the weather, reasonably clean quarters and proper medical attention for sick, diseased or injured animals. It is recommended that animals have adequate inoculation against disease, according to the species of the animal kept.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.23 MAINTENANCE OF PREMISES.

Every stable and other place where cattle, horses or other animals are kept shall at all times be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition and located in such a manner that water will not stand thereunder. Any area wherein any domestic animals, including but not limited to dogs, cows and horses, or turkeys, geese, chickens, ducks or other fowl are penned, housed, caged, cooped or otherwise contained shall at all times be kept in a sanitary condition so that no foul or offensive odors shall emanate therefrom. Upon the receipt of a complaint that any area is being maintained in violation of this section, the City Manager or the Police Department may request the County Board of Health to make an investigation of the conditions complained of and, if the report from such investigation shows that an insanitary condition exists, it shall be the duty of the

city, through its Police Department, to notify the person owning the premises, or his agent in charge of the premises. Any person failing to remedy the existing condition within five days after having been so notified shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(^90 Code, § 3-2) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.24 HOGS.

It shall be unlawful for any person to keep any hog or keep or maintain a hog pen within the corporate limits of the city.

(^90 Code, § 3-3) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.25 CITY AS BIRD SANCTUARY.

The entire area embraced within the corporate limits of the city is hereby designated as a bird sanctuary, and subject to state laws governing the same.

(^90 Code, § 3-4)

Statutory reference:

Authority, see G.S. § 160A-188

§ 92.26 PROTECTION OF BIRDS, NESTS; SHOOTING AND TRAPPING PERMIT.

(A) Except as regulated in this section, it shall be unlawful for any person to trap, hunt, shoot or attempt to shoot or molest in any manner any bird or wild fowl, or to rob bird nests or wild fowl nests within the city.

(B) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any persons or authorities from seeking permits from the Wildlife Resources Commission to kill any species of bird or animals as provided by G.S. § 113-274, provided that if any birds or animals are committing depredations or about to commit such depredations as set out in G.S. § 113-274(c)(1a), no such permit shall be required, but in lieu thereof, a person over the age of 21 years shall first procure a permit from the Chief of Police and shall use a .22 caliber rifle or .22 caliber pistol with blank or shot cartridges or a shotgun with blank or number eight shot, for firing upon pigeons, black starlings, rats, squirrels or any other pest or rodent. The use of traps or other devices must be approved by the Wildlife Resources Commission or the Chief of Police. The permit shall run for not more than 90 days, and shall authorize firing during daylight hours only, upon the premises owned or occupied by the applicant or with express consent of the property owner, and shall be revocable by the Chief of Police upon violation of its conditions or upon complaint that the permit holder is not exercising his privilege in a careful and prudent manner and with due regard to life and property.

(^90 Code, § 3-5) Penalty, see § 92.99

Statutory reference:

Bird declared "pest," see G.S. § 113-300.2

§ 92.27 NOISE.

Any person keeping any domestic animals or any fowl within the city shall restrain such animals or fowl from making incessant loud noises so as to disturb and distress those within hearing distance. If any person shall violate this section, the City Manager, upon receipt of a written complaint, shall, either himself or through the Police Department, notify the owner of the animal or fowl complained of, or the person in charge thereof, of the violation. Any person failing to remedy the condition complained of within five days after being so notified shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(^90 Code, § 3-6) Penalty, see § 92.99

ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

§ 92.40 DUTIES OF ANIMAL CONTROL DIVISION.

The Animal Control Division shall be charged with the responsibility of:

(A) Enforcing in Person County all state or county laws, ordinances and resolutions relating to dogs and cats or the care, custody and control of animals;

(B) Cooperating with the Health Director and assisting in the enforcement of the laws of the state with regard to animals and especially with regard to vaccination of dogs and cats against rabies, and the confinement or leashing of dangerous and potentially dangerous animals (without limiting the foregoing), reference is particularly made to the state laws as set out and contained in the North Carolina General Statutes;

(C) Investigating cruelty or animal abuse with regard to dogs, cats and other animals;

(D) Making such canvasses of the county, including the homes in the county, as it deems necessary for the purpose of ascertaining that all dogs and cats are duly and properly listed for license purposes, and that all dogs and cats are vaccinated against rabies;

(E) Operating pursuant to policies of the Board of County Commissioners;

(F) Maintaining a reference file for license fees, vaccination and sterilization purposes, all in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the policies of the Board of County Commissioners;

(G) Giving every person a proof of rabies vaccination card at the time of redemption or adoption of a dog or cat not vaccinated if it is four months of age or older. The card will be completed by the veterinarian who vaccinates the dog or cat and returned to the animal shelter by the owner. Reference files will be maintained in connection therewith, all in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the policies of the Board of County Commissioners.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93)

§ 92.41 IMPOUNDING ANIMALS.

Any animal which appears to be lost, strayed or unwanted, or which is found to be not wearing a currently valid rabies vaccination tag as required by state law, shall be confined in the animal shelter in a humane manner for a minimum of three weekdays and a maximum of ten weekdays for redemption by the owner.

(A) Sale or destruction. If an impounded animal is not redeemed by the owner within said period, it may be offered for sale to any responsible adult not associated with the shelter who is willing to comply with these animal control laws and sold to such person first paying for it as hereinafter provided. Animals not redeemed within three days after being taken into custody may be sold or destroyed in a humane manner by the Animal Control Division. No animal shall be sold or redeemed, however, unless it shall be established to the satisfaction of the Animal Control Officer that it had been vaccinated against rabies prior to its having been taken into custody.

(B) Notifying owner. Immediately upon impounding an animal, the Animal Control Division will make reasonable effort to notify the owner and inform the owner of the conditions whereby the animal may be redeemed.

(C) Intact dogs and cats. The Animal Control Division shall require that at the appropriate age all adopted dogs and cats released from the animal shelter be spayed or neutered, unless released to the County Animal Protection Society. All items according to § 92.40(G) and § 92.42 must be met when the animal is adopted.

(D) Suspected rabies. Animals impounded which have been bitten by a rabid animal, or which the Animal Control Officer has reasonable grounds to suspect has been exposed to a

suspected rabid animal or appear to be suffering from rabies, shall not be redeemed or adopted, but shall be dealt with as provided in § 92.17.

(E) Unwanted, diseased or injured animals. If an animal is officially surrendered by the owner to the Animal Control Division to be placed in a home or destroyed in a humane manner, it shall be disposed of without waiting three days.

(F) Other diseased or injured animals. Any animal impounded which is badly wounded or diseased (not a rabies suspect) and has no identification shall be destroyed immediately in a humane manner. If the animal has identification, the Animal Control Division will attempt to notify the owner before disposing of the animal; but if the owner cannot be reached, and the animal is suffering, the Animal Control Division may destroy the animal at its discretion in a humane manner.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93; Am. Ord. passed 3-18-96)

§ 92.42 REDEMPTION AND ADOPTION OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS.

(A) The owner shall be entitled to resume possession of his or her animal, except as already provided for certain animals, upon compliance with the provisions of this chapter and the payment of shelter fees incurred. The shelter fees shall be as follows:

(1) Redemption by owner \$25

(2) Adoption fee \$10

(B) If two or more violations occur within one year, the owner redemption fee shall increase by \$10 from previous violation. In addition to the other fees set out herein, a boarding fee at the rate of \$5 per day must be paid before dogs may be redeemed.

(C) If the dog or cat has not been vaccinated against rabies, the owner will be given a proof of rabies vaccination card at the time of the redemption or adoption. This card will be stamped with a date stating the maximum time limit allowed to take the dog or cat to the veterinarian of his or her choice for rabies vaccination. Time limit for dogs or cats four months and older will be 48 hours, with Sundays and holidays excluded. For puppies and kittens under four months, the time limit would vary according to their age.

(D) The card will be completed and returned to the animal shelter by the owner. If this card is not returned to the animal shelter within the time limit, an Animal Control Officer will be dispatched to retrieve the dog or cat.

(E) There will be a \$20 deposit for all animals adopted from the shelter. This deposit will be returned once the proof of vaccination card and the proof of sterilization card has been returned. The sterilization card must be returned within 30 days if the animal is six months of age or older.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93)

§ 92.43 OTHER FEES.

(A) To pick up puppies or kittens: \$25

(1) Owner may bring puppies or kittens to the shelter at no charge.

(2) No charge to pick up stray puppies or kittens, but must pick up mother also.

(B) To answer injured animal call: \$25

(1) Owner must pay fee to officer upon arrival.

(2) No charge to answer call on injured stray animal.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93)

§ 92.44 INTERFERENCE.

It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with, hinder or molest the Animal Control Division or its agents, or Animal Control Officers or veterinarians, in the performance of any duty authorized by this chapter, or seek to release any animal in the custody of said agents except as herein provided.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93) Penalty, see § 92.99

§ 92.45 RECORDS.

It shall be the duty of the Animal Control Division to keep, or cause to be kept, accurate and detailed records of:

(A) Impoundment and disposition of all animals coming into the animal shelter;

(B) Bite cases, violations and complaints investigations;

(C) All monies belonging to the county which were derived from impoundment fees, penalties and sales of animals;

(D) All other records deemed necessary by the County Manager.

(Ord. passed 4-5-93)

§ 92.99 PENALTY.

A violation of this chapter is punishable as provided in § 10.99.